#### ROSS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSOCIATES, INC.

Hydrogeology, Water Quality, GIS Planning, Contaminant Fate & Transport, Remediation, & Regulatory Compliance and Permitting



# **Initial Site Investigation Report**

Former Rice Residence 117 Richardson Road Barre, Vermont 05641

SMS Site #: 2006-3531 Site Coordinates: 44° 13' 1.59" N, 72° 31' 18.97" W

14 August 2006

#### **Prepared For:**

Ms. Nancy Rice PO Box 1382 Montpelier, Vermont 05601 *Phone:* (802) 828-5993

#### **Prepared By:**

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*R.E.A.* Project No. 26-047 *R.E.A.* Document #: 26047ISI

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Ross Environmental Associates, Inc. (*R.E.A.*) has conducted an initial site investigation (ISI) at the former Rice Residence, located at 117 Richardson Road in Barre, Vermont. Field investigation included: installation of five soil boring/monitoring wells, field screening of subsurface soil samples for the possible presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), sampling and analysis of water from four on-site monitoring wells, and a receptor survey to identify potential risks to the environment and human health.

Available information indicates that residual petroleum contamination identified during the UST closure is limited to the soil and groundwater in the immediate vicinity of the former UST system, and that no sensitive receptors have been threatened or impacted at this time. No petroleum contamination was detected in any of the groundwater samples collected from the on-site monitoring wells. Based on available information, active remediation is not likely to be required by the VT DEC; however, additional groundwater sampling may be required to confirm the initial findings.

On the basis of the results of this investigation, **R.E.A.** makes the following recommendations.

- 1. The site monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4 and MW-5) should be re-sampled to confirm the findings of the initial sampling event. All samples should be analyzed for the possible presence of volatile petroleum compounds in accordance with U.S. EPA Method 8021B.
- 2. As a precautionary measure, the indoor air in the lower level of the former Rice residence should be screened with a PID for the possible presence of VOCs.
- 3. A summary report should be submitted following the completion of the additional work, which should include recommendations for possible long-term monitoring or site closure.

#### **SITE PROFILE**

#### **Site Information**

Site Name: Former Rice Residence

SMS Site #: 2006-2531

Site Address: 117 Richardson Road, Barre, VT.

Mailing Address: PO Box 1382, Montpelier, VT 05601.

Telephone: (802) 828-5993 Contact/Owner: Ms. Nancy Rice

Coordinates: latitude 44° 13' 01.59" N, and longitude 72° 31' 18.97"W.

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum, characteristic of fuel oil.

Source: Former UST.

#### **Aquifer Characteristics**

Soil Type: The soils at the site consisted primarily of medium to coarse sand and silt

with some cobbles and weathered bedrock.

Effective Porosity: 0.4

Hydraulic conductivity: 0.5 to 57 ft/day Ground-water flow direction: southwest

Horizontal hydraulic gradient: 16 % (6/21/06)
Average ground water velocity: 0.2 to 23 ft/day
Ground-water depth bgs: 4 - 7.3 feet bgs
Saturated thickness: >unknown

Depth to Bedrock: 7 to 10.5 feet bgs

#### Receptors

Ground water: No volatile petroleum compounds were detected in the groundwater samples

collected from four on-site monitoring wells.

Surface water: The nearest surface water body is an unnamed tributary of Stevens Brook,

located approximately 150 feet west of the Site. No volatile petroleum compounds were detected in the ground water samples collected from the two downgradient monitoring wells situated between the former USTs and the

unnamed tributary.

Buildings: During UST removal the lower level of the former Rice residence was screened

with a PID for the possible presence of VOCs. Reading of 20.3 ppmv were noted consistently throughout the entire lower level, however, no petroleum odors were

noted.

Underground utilities: A storm water collection and a sewer system are downgradient of the former

UST along eastern side of Richardson Road.

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On 26 May 2006, Ms. Nancy Rice retained the services of *R.E.A.* to complete an initial site investigation (ISI) at the former Rice Residence in Barre, Vermont in accordance with Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation (VT DEC) guidelines. The ISI was completed to address the presence of soil and groundwater contamination discovered during the UST removal completed on 22 May 2006. This report has been prepared by *R.E.A.* under the direction of Ms. Nancy Rice; unauthorized use or reproduction of this report is prohibited, without written authorization from *R.E.A.*, or Ms. Nancy Rice.

#### 1.1 Site Location and Setting

The property, which is currently owned by Mr. Carl Rapp, is occupied by a single family home with an attached carport. At the time of the UST closure, the property was owned by Ms. Nancy Rice. The property is located at 117 Richardson Road in Barre, Vermont (**Figure 1**, Appendix A). Drinking water for Site and surrounding properties is provided by the Barre City municipal system (WSID # 5254). Wastewater disposal for the former Rice residence is also provided by a municipal system.

The ground surface slopes moderately to the west-southwest, with an average elevation of approximately 740 feet above mean sea level (Maptech, 1998). The unnamed tributary of Stevens Brook is located approximately 150 feet west of the former UST system. The geographic coordinates of the site are: latitude 44° 13' 01.59" N, and longitude 72° 31' 18.97"W.

The surficial geology in the vicinity of the site is mapped as glacial till deposits (Stewart and MacClintock, 1970). Bedrock in the Barre area is mapped as the Waits River formation, which consists of gray quartzose and micaceous crystalline limestone of Lower Devonian age (Doll, 1961). A bedrock outcrop is located on the northeastern side of the house approximately 40 feet from the former UST. Bedrock refusal was also encountered during the installation of soil borings on site.

An orthophotograph from 1999 showing the site and surrounding properties (**Figure 2**) is included in Appendix A and photographs of the site and surrounding area taken during the initial site investigation are included in Appendix B.

#### 1.2 Site History

According to Ms. Rice, the UST system was installed at the time of construction of the house back in approximately 1975 when many of the adjacent houses in the subdivision were also constructed. The tank was used to store fuel oil for the purpose of heating. Ms. Rice indicated that the tank had been out-of-service for about four years.

On 22 May 2006, *R.E.A.* provided oversight for the removal of a 500-gallon fuel oil underground storage tank (UST) located approximately ten feet east of the carport. The UST was found to be in very poor condition with significant rust and pitting. Several holes were observed on the bottom and sides of the tank and the UST was found to be entirely full of ground water.

Soils in the excavation consisted primarily of medium to coarse silt with some cobbles and weathered bedrock from ground surface to approximately 6.5 feet below ground surface (bgs). PID readings on soil samples collected from the UST excavation ranged from 13.5 to 501 ppmv, which are above the VT DEC action level of 10 ppmv for fuel oil/diesel contaminated soils. Light sheening was noted on groundwater, which was encountered at approximately 2.5 feet bgs. The vertical and horizontal extent of contamination was not defined during the UST closure. Based on the findings of the UST closure, the subsurface petroleum contamination is most likely due to several holes located in the bottom and sides of the former UST.

#### 1.3 Land Use and Adjacent Property Ownership

The subject property is located in a suburban residential area of Barre, Vermont. The former Rice property is bordered on the north, south and east by private residences, and to the west by an undeveloped wooded area. Richardson Road forms the western boundary with an unnamed tributary to Stevens Brook situated on the western side of Richardson Road.

#### 2.0 Field Investigation Results and Procedures

**R.E.A.**'s field investigation included: the installation of five soil boring/monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4 and MW-5); field screening of subsurface soil samples for the possible presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using a portable photo-ionization detector (PID); collection and analysis of water samples from four site monitoring wells, and a receptor survey to identify potential risks to the environment and human health. Approximate monitoring well/soil boring locations and significant site features are shown on **Figure 3** in Appendix A.

The objectives of this initial site investigation were to:

- > Evaluate the degree and extent of petroleum contamination in soils and ground water;
- > Qualitatively assess the risks to environmental and public health via relevant sensitive receptors and potential contaminant migration pathways.
- ➤ Identify the need for further site characterization, appropriate monitoring, and/or remedial actions based on the site conditions.

#### 2.1 Contaminants of Concern

Based on available information, the contaminants of concern (COC) at the former Rice residence appear to be volatile petroleum compounds, related to No. 2 fuel oil.

#### 2.2 Source Area Evaluation

Based on available information, the source of residual petroleum contamination discovered at the former Rice residence is the former UST system. The UST was found to be in very poor condition with significant rust and pitting. Several holes were observed on the bottom and sides of the tank and the UST was found to be entirely full of ground water. No up-gradient sources of petroleum contamination were identified during the ISI.

#### 2.3 Soil Boring and Monitoring Well Installation

On 14 June 2006, *R.E.A.* provided oversight during the installation of five monitoring wells, three of which were installed in the presumed downgradient direction from the former UST system (MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3), one was installed adjacent to the former UST (MW-4) and one was installed upgradient of the former UST (MW-5). The soils at the site consisted primarily of brown and dark brown fine and medium sand with some gravel. All for the soil borings were extended to the top of bedrock, which was encountered at between seven and 10.5 bgs. Groundwater was encountered in each soil boring between four and seven feet bgs at the time of drilling.

All of the monitoring wells were constructed using 1.0-inch-diameter schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) with flush threaded joints and 0.01-inch factory-slotted well screens. MW-1 and MW-3 were completed with eight-foot well screens and MW-2 was completed with a seven-foot well screen. MW-4 and MW-5 were completed with five-foot well screens. Solid PVC risers, extending to ground surface, were used to complete each well. A clean sand pack was placed around the screened section of each monitoring well extending one to two feet above the top of the screen, with a bentonite seal placed above the sand pack. Flush-mounted road-box protective casings were installed over each monitoring well. Each well was developed after installation by removing eight to ten standing volumes of water using a peristaltic pump. Soil descriptions and monitoring well construction details are included on the soil boring logs in Appendix C. Atlantis Drilling, Inc. of Barrington, New Hampshire installed the soil borings and monitoring wells under direct supervision of *R.E.A.* 

Photo-ionization detector (PID) readings on soil samples collected from all of the soil borings ranged between 0.2 and 5.8 ppmv, indicating the absence of widespread contamination. The highest PID reading was obtained on the soil sample collected at or just below the water table in the MW-4 boring, which is located adjacent to the former UST. Slight petroleum odors were noted during the completion of the soil boring for MW-1, located approximately 35 feet downgradient of the former UST. PID screening results are included on the soil boring logs in Appendix C. *R.E.A.*'s environmental scientist screened soil samples from the soil borings for the possible presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using a RAE Systems mini-RAE 2000 portable PID. The PID was calibrated with an isobutylene standard gas to a benzene reference on the day of drilling.

After installation of the soil boring/monitoring wells, R.E.A. surveyed the locations of the boring/wells in relation to existing site features. Each boring/well was located in azimuth to an accuracy of  $\pm$  1.0 feet, and in elevation with an accuracy of  $\pm$  0.01 feet relative to an on-site benchmark of 100.00 feet.

#### 2.4 Ground Water Elevations and Flow Direction

On 21 June 2006, ground-water flow in the unconfined surficial aquifer at the site was toward the southwest with an estimated hydraulic gradient of approximately 16 percent. Water-level measurements and elevation calculations for 21 June 2006, are presented in **Table 1** and the ground-water contour map prepared using this data is presented as **Figure 4**, Appendix A.

Static water-table elevations were computed for each monitoring well by subtracting measured depth-to-water readings from the surveyed top-of-casing (TOC) elevations, which are relative to an arbitrary site datum of 100.00 feet.

The effective porosity of the predominantly medium to coarse sand encountered below the water-table is presumably around 0.4, with hydraulic conductivities of 0.5 to 57 feet per day (Freeze & Cherry, 1979). Assuming Darcian flow, these estimates combine with the calculated horizontal gradient of 16 percent to yield an estimated range of ground-water flow velocities of between 0.2 to 23 feet per day. Contaminant migration would be less accounting for retardation and dispersion of the contaminants.

#### 2.5 Ground Water Sampling and Analysis

At this time, ground water in the immediate vicinity and down-gradient of the former UST system does not appear to be impacted by petroleum contamination. No volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) were detected in any of the water samples collected from four of the on-site monitoring wells. None of the Vermont Ground Water Enforcement Standard (VGESs)<sup>1</sup> for VOCs were exceeded in groundwater beneath the site. At this time, the extent of subsurface petroleum contamination appears to have been adequately defined and no downgradient sensitive receptors appear to be impacted or threatened by residual petroleum contamination.

No petroleum compounds were detected in the trip-blank sample, and the duplicate sample results (MW-4) were within the EPA recommended percentage difference of 30 percent. The analytical results are summarized on **Table 2**, and copies of the laboratory analytical reports are included as Appendix D. Contaminant distribution, based on samples collected on 21 June 2006, is shown on **Figure 5** in Appendix A.

Prior to sample collection, *R.E.A* field personnel measured the water level in each monitoring well and purged approximately three to five standing volumes of water from each well. All monitoring well samples were collected by pouring water directly into 40-milliliter glass vials with teflon-lined septum lids. The groundwater was transferred to the 40-millimeter glass vials, by means of a peristaltic pump and clear flexible tubing dedicated to each well. Each sample vial was preserved with hydrochloric acid to reduce e the pH to less than 2 standard units (su).

Immediately after sample collection, field measurements were obtained for pH, specific conductivity, temperature, total dissolved solids (TDS), and oxygen reduction potential (ORP). A summary of the field measurement data is included on **Table 3**, in Appendix A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Vermont DEC has established groundwater enforcement standards for eight petroleum related VOCs, as follows: benzene - 5 ug/L; toluene - 1,000 ug/L; ethylbenzene - 700 ug/L; xylenes - 10,000 ug/L; MTBE - 40 ug/L; 1,3,5-trimethyl benzene - 4 ug/L; 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene - 5 ug/L; and naphthalene - 20 ug/L.

On 21 June 2006, ground water samples were collected from four monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4). MW-5 was dry at the time of the sampling event; therefore, no sample was collected. All ground water samples were analyzed for the possible presence of volatile organic compounds and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) in accordance with U.S. EPA Methods 8260 and 8015-diesel range organics (DRO), respectively. All samples were transported under chain-of-custody in an ice-filled cooler to Endyne, Inc. of Williston, Vermont for laboratory analysis for laboratory analysis.

#### 2.6 Investigation Procedures

The procedures used during the initial site investigation at the former Rice residence are consistent with the following guidance documents:

- ➤ "Underground Storage Tank Closure and Site Assessment Requirements." Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Waste Management Division. November 1997.
- ➤ "Site Investigation Guidance." Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Waste Management Division. June 2005.
- ➤ "Corrective Action Guidance." Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Waste Management Division. November 1997.
- ➤ "Agency Guidelines for Petroleum Contaminated Soil and Debris." Vermont Agency of Natural Resources, Waste Management Division. August 1996.
- ASTM D 2488-93. "Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure)." American Society for Testing and Materials.
- ASTM D 5092-90. "Standard Practice for Design and Installation of Ground Water Monitoring Wells in Aquifers." American Society for Testing and Materials.
- ASTM D 4750-87. "Standard Test Method for Determining Subsurface Liquid Levels in a Borehole or Monitoring Well." American Society for Testing and Materials.
- ASTM D 4448-85a. "Standard Guide for Sampling Ground Water Monitoring Wells." American Society for Testing and Materials.

#### 3.0 SENSITIVE RECEPTOR IDENTIFICATION AND RISK ASSESSMENT

Based on available information, no sensitive receptors appear to be threatened or impacted by the residual petroleum contamination located in the vicinity of the former UST system.

#### 3.1 Receptor Identification

The following sensitive receptors were identified in the vicinity of the subject property.

- > Soils and groundwater within the general vicinity of the former UST system.
- ➤ Indoor air in the first floor living area of the former Rice residence, located approximately 10 feet southeast of the former UST system.
- > The unnamed tributary of the Stevens Brook, located approximately 150 feet west of the former UST system.

#### 3.2 Risk Assessment

On the basis of the information obtained during this investigation, *R.E.A.* has qualitatively assessed the risks that the subsurface contamination poses to human health and the environment. The findings are summarized as follows:

- ➤ The shallow overburden groundwater formation within the immediate vicinity of the former UST has not been impacted by petroleum contamination, based on the results of the ground water sampling event conducted on 21 June 2006.
- During UST removal the lower level of the former Rice residence was screened with a PID for the possible presence of VOCs. Reading of 20.3 ppmv were noted consistently throughout the entire lower level, however, no petroleum odors were noted. Access to the house could not be coordinated with the installation of soil borings; therefore the indoor air was not screened at that time.
- ➤ The unnamed tributary of the Stevens Brook is not likely to be impacted by petroleum contamination; no volatile organic compounds were detected in the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-3, which are situated between the former UST and the unnamed tributary. Also, no seeps or visible evidence of a petroleum release were noted along the stream bank.

#### 4.0 DATA EVALUATION AND REGULATORY STATUS

Groundwater sampling results from 21 June 2006 indicate that the underlying ground water formation has not been impacted by petroleum contamination. No sensitive receptors appear to be impacted by residual contamination at this time.

Based on available information, active remediation at the site is not likely to be required by the VT DEC. Generally, the VT DEC requires active remediation when greater than 1/8" of free-product is present, or when human health or a sensitive receptor is impacted or threatened by contamination. The VT DEC may require another round of monitoring of ground water beneath the site to confirm the initial results.

A summary of the significant findings of the ISI is outlined below:

- ➤ No volatile organic compounds or total petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in the groundwater samples collected from MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 during the 21 June 2006 sampling event.
- ➤ MW-5 was dry at the time of the sampling event; therefore, no sample was collected during the 21 June 2006 sampling event.
- ➤ PID readings on soil samples collected during the completion of soil borings ranged from 0.2 to 5.8 ppm, which are below the VT DEC guideline of 10 ppm for fuel oil contaminated soils.
- > Slight petroleum odors were noted during the completion of the soil boring for MW-1, located approximately 35 feet downgradient of the former UST.
- ➤ During UST removal the lower level of the former Rice residence was screened with a PID for the possible presence of VOCs. Reading of 20.3 ppmv were noted consistently throughout the entire lower level, however, no petroleum odors were noted.
- ➤ Ground water in the shallow overburden formation appears to flow primarily toward the southwest, which is consistent with the site topography and the location of the unnamed tributary of Stevens Brook.

#### 5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

On the basis of the results of this investigation and the conclusions stated above, *R.E.A.* makes the following recommendations.

- The on-site monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4 and MW-5) should be re-sampled
  to confirm the findings of the initial sampling event. All samples should be analyzed for the
  possible presence of volatile petroleum compounds in accordance with U.S. EPA Method
  8021b.
- 2. As a precautionary measure, the indoor air in the lower level of the former Rice residence should be screened with a PID for the possible presence of VOCs.
- 3. A summary report should be submitted following the completion of the additional work, which should include recommendations for possible long-term monitoring or site closure.

#### 6.0 LIMITATIONS

This report was completed by *Ross Environmental Associates*, *Inc.* (*R.E.A.*) for the sole use of Ms. Nancy Rice in connection with an assessment of on-site environmental conditions. Use of this report by any other person or for any other use is not authorized except with prior written consent of *R.E.A.* or Ms. Nancy Rice.

The work was undertaken to assess environmental conditions specifically on the subject property in accordance with generally accepted engineering and hydrogeological practices. No other warranty, express or implied, is made. Absolute assurance that any and all possible contamination at the site was identified cannot be provided.

The report conclusions are based, in part, on information provided by the client, their agents, or third parties, including state or local officials. *R.E.A.* assumes no responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the information. Where visual observations are included in the report, they represent conditions at the time of the inspection, and may not be indicative of past or future site conditions.

#### 7.0 REFERENCES

Doll, C.G. and others, 1961. "Geologic Map of Vermont", Office of the State Geologist.

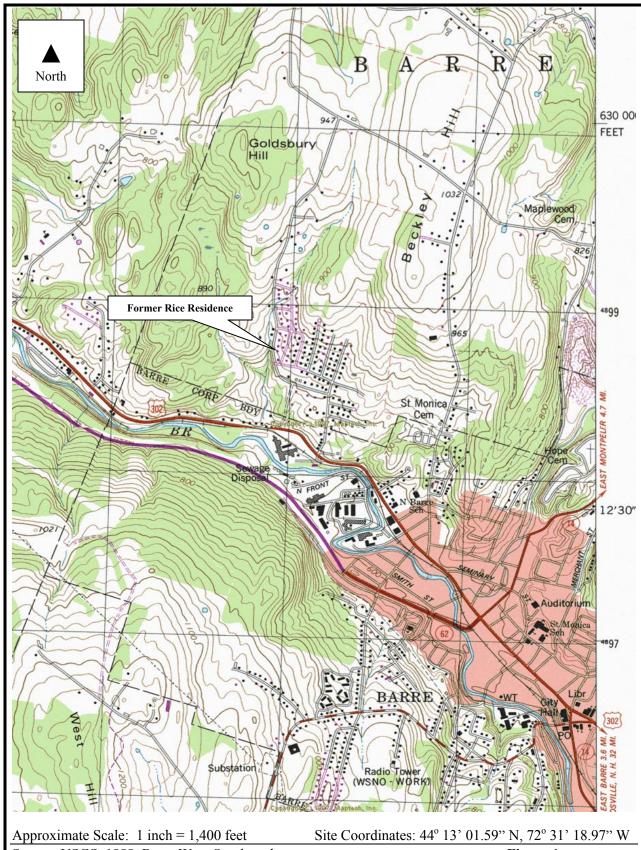
Freeze. R. A., and Cherry, J.A., 1976. *Groundwater*, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 29 p.

Fetter, C.W., 1994. *Applied Hydrogeology, 3rd Ed.*, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 98 p. Stewart, D.P. and MacClintock, P., *1970. "Surficial Geologic Map of Vermont"*, Office of the State Geologist.

Maptech, 1998. Barre West Quadrangle Vermont. U.S. Geological Survey. 7.5 minute series (topographic), 1988. Maptech, Inc. Greenland, NH. 1998.

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FIGURES AND TABLES

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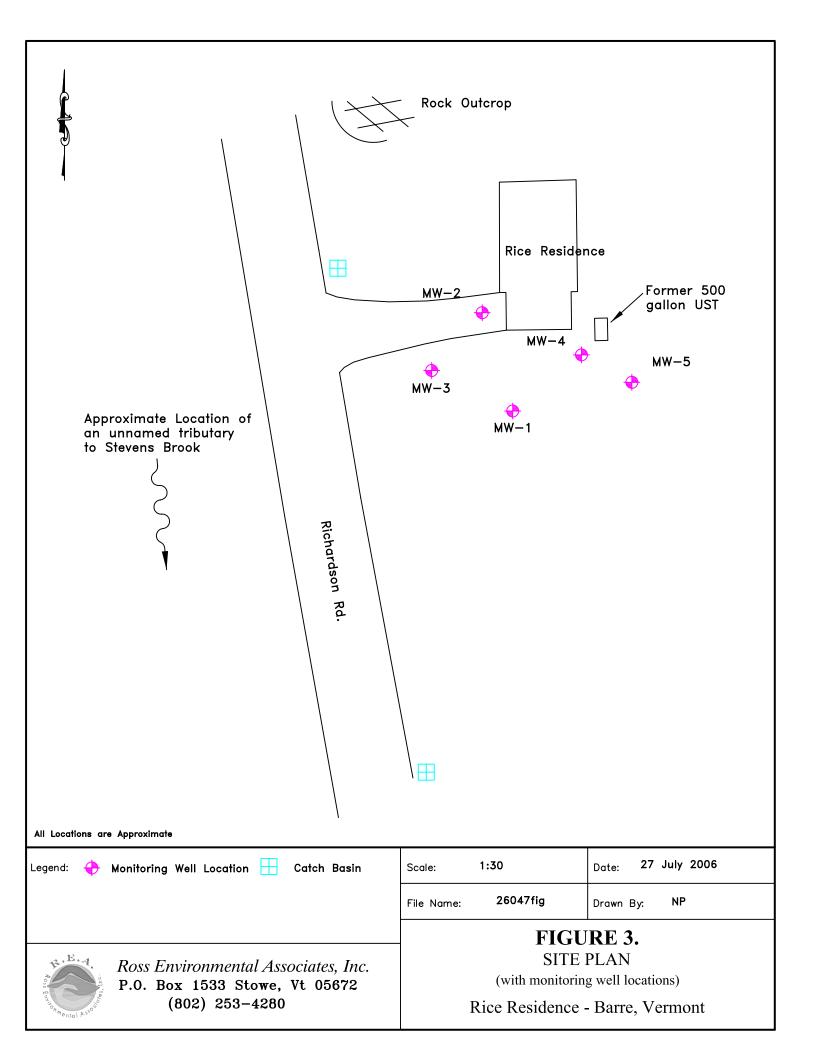


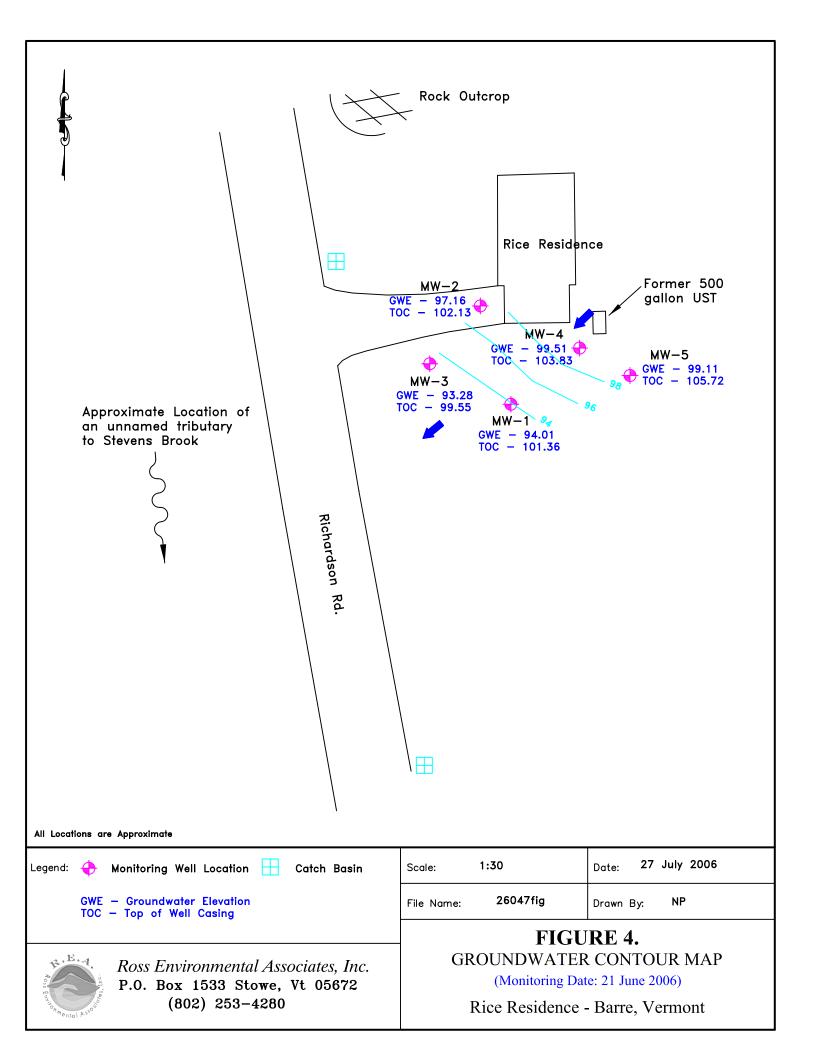
Source: USGS, 1988. Barre West Quadrangle 1988 Topographic map (7.5 minute series). Maptech, Inc. 1998.

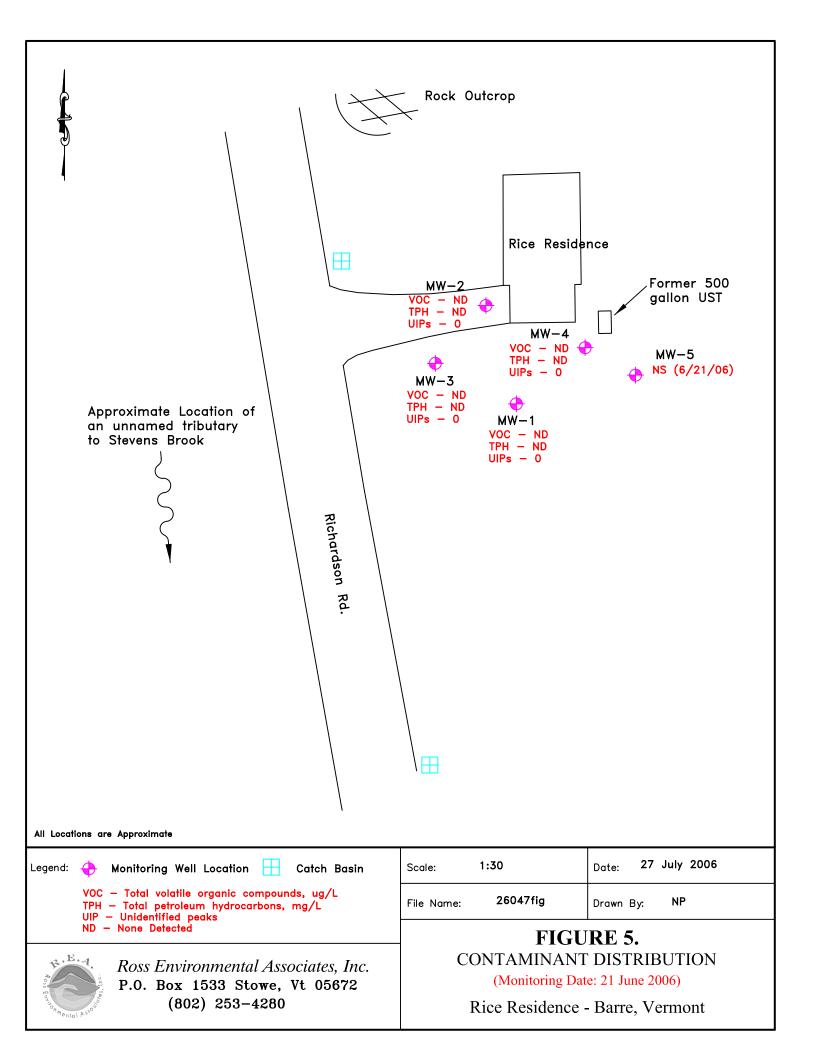
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Figure 1 Site Location Map Former Rice Residence Barre, Vermont









# TABLE 1 GROUND WATER ELEVATION CALCULATIONS

Rice Residence Barre, Vermont

Monitoring Date: 21 June 2006

Well I.D.	Top of Casing Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (feet, TOC)	Water Table Elevation (ft)
MW-1	101.36	7.35	94.01
MW-2	102.13	4.97	97.16
MW-3	99.55	6.27	93.28
MW-4	103.83	4.32	99.51
MW-5	105.72	6.61	99.11

All values reported in feet relative to arbitrary site datum of 100.00 feet

# TABLE 2 GROUND-WATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Rice Residence Barre, Vermont

Monitoring Dates: 21 June 2006

Sample ID	MTBE	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Total Xylenes	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Total VOCs	TPH (mg/L)
MW-1	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND	ND <0.40
MW-2	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND	ND <0.40
MW-3	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND	ND <0.40
MW-4	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND	ND <0.40
VGES	40	5.0	1,000	700	10,000	4.0	5.0	20		
MW-4	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND	ND <0.40
Dup, MW-4	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND	ND <0.40
% Difference			-		-					
Trip Blank	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<2.0	ND	
VGES	40	5.0	1,000	700	10,000	4.0	5.0	20		

All results reported in micrograms per liter (ug/L) unless indicated otherwise.

ND: Not detected at indicated detection limit.

TPH: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

All samples analyzed for the possible presence of VOCs and TPH in accordance

with EPA Method 8260 and 8015DRO, respectively.

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# TABLE 3 FIELD MEASUREMENT DATA

Rice Residence Barre, Vermont

Monitoring Date: 21 June 2006

Well ID	pH (su)	temperature (°C)	Specific conductivity (uS)	ORP (mV)	TDS (ppm)	Comments
MW-1	7.13	14.2	996	21	684	Very silty, no odor
MW-2	7.34	15.3	1,376	-4	961	Silty, light odor
MW-3	7.17	13.2	1,270	39	882	Silty, no odor
MW-4	6.77	14.3	867	9	589	Little water, no odor
MW-5	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	Not enough water to sample

pH reported in standard units (s.u.).

Specific conductivity reported in microsiemens (uS) or millisiemens (mS).

Oxidation-reduction potential (ORP) reported in millivolts (mV).

Total dissolved solids (TDS) reported in parts per million (ppm) or parts per (ppt) thousand.

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SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

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RICE RESIDENCE – BARRE, VERMONT (Site Overview with former UST location – view toward north)



RICE RESIDENCE – BARRE, VERMONT (Installation of MW-1 – view toward northeast)



RICE RESIDENCE – BARRE, VERMONT (Drilling MW-2 – view toward east)



RICE RESIDENCE – BARRE, VERMONT (Installing MW-3 – view toward east)



RICE RESIDENCE – BARRE, VERMONT (Drilling MW-5, note location of MW-4 – view toward south)

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	P
	R
SOIL BORING MONITORING WELL LOGS	N
WONTOWN WELL LOGS	D
	I
	X
	4

C

	R.E.			BORIN	NG / WEL	LL IDENT	IFICATION:	: MW-1
	SET NATION MENTAL	ofes,		Site Name:	Rice Resid	dence		
	Tonmental	A550C		Site Location:	Barre, Ver	mont		
Well Depth:	10.5	Boring Depth:	10.5	Installation Date:	14-Jun-06			
	Depth to Water	r (during drilling):	5'	Job Number:	26-047			
Screen Diameter:	1"	Depth:	2.5 - 10.5'	REA Representative:	Nathan Pa	ge		
Screen Type/Size:	0.01' slot Sched	dule 40 PVC		Drilling Company:	Atlantis Dı	rilling		
Riser Diameter:	1"	Depth:	0 - 2.5'	Sampling Method:	Geoprobe			
Riser Type/Size:	Schedule 40 P\	/C		Reference Point (RP):				
Depth (ft)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/6" and Recovery (ft)	Samp	ole Description / Note	S	PID (ppm)	Well Profile	Legend
	0-4		Moist brown To					Concrete
				Clayey SILT with Peb st at 3.5'. Slight odor				1274 ···
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				Native Material
2								Doutonito
								Bentonite
						0.4		Filter Sand
4	4-8		Brown, moist C Rock at 7.5'. S	layey SILT with Wea aturated at 5'.	thered	0.2		Riser
						0.4		Screen
6								▼ Water Level
	0.45-5		Brown Silty SAN	D with Weathered Rock	c. Slight	0 -		
8	8-10.5		odors at 8.5'		-	0.5		
						0.2		
			Same as above v	with some Clay				
10			Bedrock Refusal	•		<b> </b>		
			Double Neiusal	, won oot at 10.0		0.4		
PROPORTIO	ı		COHESIVE SOILS)	BLOW COUNT (GRANUI	1	NOTES:	D	
AND 33-50% SOME 20-33%	LITTLE 10-20% TRACE 0-10%	<2 VERY SOFT  2-4 SOFT  4-8 MEDIUM STIFF	8-15 STIFF  15-30 VERY STIFF  >30 HARD	0-4 VERY LOOSE  4-10 LOOSE  10-30 MEDIUM DENSE	30-50 DENSE >50 VERY DENSE	MiniRAE 2000 PIE	J used.	

	R.E.	<b>4.</b>		BORIN	NG / WEL	L IDENT	IFICATION:	: MW-2
	en allionmental	otes,		Site Name:	Rice Resid	dence		
	Tonmental	A550C		Site Location:	Barre, Ver	mont		
Well Depth:	9	Boring Depth:	9	Installation Date:	14-Jun-06			
	Depth to Wate	r (during drilling):	5'	Job Number:	26-047			
Screen Diameter:	1"	Depth:	2 - 9'	REA Representative:	Nathan Pa	ge		
Screen Type/Size:	0.01' slot Sched	dule 40 PVC		Drilling Company:	Atlantis Dr	illing		
Riser Diameter:	1"	Depth:	0 - 2'	Sampling Method:	Geoprobe			
Riser Type/Size:	Schedule 40 P	VC		Reference Point (RP):				
Depth (ft)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/6" and Recovery (ft)		ple Description / Note		PID (ppm)	Well Profile	Legend
	0-4			rel to 4". Brown, mois athered Rock to 2.5'	st Clayey			Concrete
								Native Material
2			Dark Weathere	ed Rock and Clay.		0.3		Bentonite
								Filter Sand
4	4-8			ilty SAND with little V red Schist at 6.5' to 6		0.2		Riser
								Screen
6						0.6		▼ Water Level
8	8-9					0.6		
			Bedrock Refusal	, well set at 9'		0.3		
10								
PROPORTIO	ONS USED	BLOW COUNT (	COHESIVE SOILS)	BLOW COUNT (GRANUI	LAR SOILS)	NOTES:		
AND 33-50% SOME 20-33%	LITTLE 10-20% TRACE 0-10%	<2 VERY SOFT  2-4 SOFT  4-8 MEDIUM STIFF	8-15 STIFF 15-30 VERY STIFF >30 HARD	0-4 VERY LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE 10-30 MEDIUM DENSE	30-50 DENSE >50 VERY DENSE	MiniRAE 2000 PIE	O used.	

	R.E.	201		BORIN	NG / WEL	L IDENT	IFICATION:	: MW-3
	En 24/100 nmental	ofes,		Site Name:	Rice Resid	lence		
	Tonmental	A550C		Site Location:	Barre, Ver	mont		
Well Depth:	10	Boring Depth:	10	Installation Date:				
	Depth to Wate	r (during drilling):	5'	Job Number:	26-047			
Screen Diameter:	1"	Depth:	2 - 10'	REA Representative:	Nathan Pa	ge		
Screen Type/Size:	0.01' slot Sched	dule 40 PVC		Drilling Company:	Atlantis Dr	illing		
Riser Diameter:	1"	Depth:	0 - 2'	Sampling Method:	Geoprobe			
Riser Type/Size:	Schedule 40 P	/C		Reference Point (RP):				
Depth (ft)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/6" and Recovery (ft)		ole Description / Note		PID (ppm)	Well Profile	Legend
	0-4		Moist, brown To and Clay.	opsoil to 5". Weathe	red Rock			Concrete
2			Brown, Silty SA 3.8'	AND with Weathered	Rock to	0.5		Native Material  Bentonite
			Dark weathered Rock and Silt.					Filter Sand
4	4-8			and and Silt with We		0.7		Riser
6			Rock. 2" band 5.5'. Saturated	of dark Weathered F I at 5'.	Rock at			_
						0.5		▼ Water Level
8	8-10					1.0		
						0.5		
10			Bedrock Refusal	, well set at 10'		0.6		
PROPORTIO	ONS USED	BLOW COUNT (	COHESIVE SOILS)	BLOW COUNT (GRANU	LAR SOILS)	NOTES:		
AND 33-50% SOME 20-33%	LITTLE 10-20% TRACE 0-10%	<2 VERY SOFT  2-4 SOFT  4-8 MEDIUM STIFF	8-15 STIFF 15-30 VERY STIFF >30 HARD	0-4 VERY LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE 10-30 MEDIUM DENSE	30-50 DENSE >50 VERY DENSE	MiniRAE 2000 PIE	O used.	

	B.E.	ن و		BORIN	NG / WEL	L IDENT	IFICATION:	: MW-4	
	SS ETU.	o'fes,		Site Name:	Rice Residence				
	Enzionmental	A550			Barre, Vermont				
Well Depth:	7.5	Boring Depth:	7.5	Installation Date:					
	Depth to Water	r (during drilling):	4'	Job Number:	26-047				
Screen Diameter:	1"	Depth:	2.5 - 7.5'	REA Representative:	Nathan Pa	ge			
Screen Type/Size:	0.01' slot Sched	dule 40 PVC		Drilling Company:	Atlantis Dr	illing			
Riser Diameter:	1"	Depth:	0 - 2.5'	Sampling Method:	Geoprobe				
Riser Type/Size:	Schedule 40 P\	/C		Reference Point (RP):					
Depth (ft)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/6" and Recovery (ft)		ole Description / Note	s	PID (ppm)	Well Profile	Legend	
	0-4		Dark brown, mo	oist Fill Material.				Concrete	
			Moist, brown Si	It and Clay with Wea	thered				
			Rock.					Native Material	
2						5.8		Bentonite	
								Filter Sand	
4	4-7.5					0.8		Riser	
								Screen	
6						0.5		▼ Water Level	
			Dark Weathere	d Rock and Silt.		0.5			
			Bedrock Refusal,	well set at 10'.		0.5			
8						3.0			
<b>y</b>									
10									
PROPORTIO	ONS USED	BLOW COUNT (0	COHESIVE SOILS)	BLOW COUNT (GRANUI	_AR SOILS)	NOTES:			
AND 33-50%	LITTLE 10-20%	<2 VERY SOFT	8-15 STIFF	0-4 VERY LOOSE	30-50 DENSE >50 VERY	MiniRAE 2000 PIE	) used.		
SOME 20-33%	TRACE 0-10%	2-4 SOFT 4-8 MEDIUM STIFF	15-30 VERY STIFF >30 HARD	4-10 LOOSE 10-30 MEDIUM DENSE	DENSE				

	R.E.	<b>4.</b>		BORIN	NG / WEL	L IDENT	IFICATION:	: MW-5
	SS Env	otes, In		Site Name:	Rice Resid	dence		
	E Envisonmental	A550C10		Site Location:				
Well Depth:	7	Boring Depth:	7	Installation Date:				
-	Denth to Wate	r (during drilling):	4'	Job Number:				
Screen Diameter:		Depth:	2 - 7'	REA Representative:		ge		
Screen Type/Size:	0.01' slot Sched	•		Drilling Company:				
Riser Diameter:		Depth:	0 - 2'	Sampling Method:				
Riser Type/Size:	Schedule 40 P			Reference Point (RP):				
Depth (ft)	Sample Depth (ft)	Blows/6" and Recovery (ft)	Samp	ole Description / Note	s	PID (ppm)	Well Profile	Legend
	0-4		Brown Topsoil					
	0 4		Weathered Roo	ck with Sand and Silt	•			Concrete
								Native Material
2								Bentonite
								Filter Sand
4	4-7					0.6		Riser
						5.5		Screen
6			Dense Brown S	SAND		0.0		
			Weathered Roo	k and Sand				Water Level
			Bedrock Refusal,	well set at 7'.		1.2	(// 📛 1//	
8								
		_						
10								
PROPORTI	ONS USED	BLOW COUNT (	COHESIVE SOILS)	BLOW COUNT (GRANUI	LAR SOILS)	NOTES:		
AND 33-50% SOME 20-33%	LITTLE 10-20% TRACE 0-10%	<2 VERY SOFT  2-4 SOFT	8-15 STIFF 15-30 VERY STIFF	0-4 VERY LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE	30-50 DENSE >50 VERY DENSE	MiniRAE 2000 PIE	D used.	
		4-8 MEDIUM STIFF	>30 HARD	10-30 MEDIUM DENSE	DENSE			

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#### LABORATORY REPORT

### **Laboratory Services**

160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PO Box 1533, 96 Taber Hill Rd

Stowe, VT 05672

Attn: Nate Page

PROJECT: Rice/26-047 ORDER ID: 45966

RECEIVE DATE: June 23, 2006

REPORT DATE: July 3, 2006

Enclosed please find the results of the analyses performed for the samples referenced on the attached chain of custody. Different groups of analyses may be reported under separate cover.

All samples were prepared and analyzed by requirements outlined in the referenced methods and within the specified holding times.

All instrumentation was calibrated with the appropriate frequency and verified by the requirements outlined in the referenced methods.

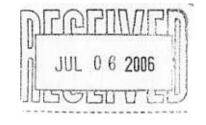
Blank contamination was not observed at levels affecting the analytical results.

Analytical method precision and accuracy was monitored by laboratory control standards which include matrix spike, duplicate and quality control analyses. These standards were determined to be within established laboratory method acceptance limits, unless otherwise noted.

Reviewed by,

Harry B. Locker, Ph.D. Laboratory Director

enclosures







# LABORATORY REPORT

**Laboratory Services** 

160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

CLIENT: Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

REPORT DATE: July 3, 2006

ORDER ID: 45966

DATE RECEIVED: June 23, 2006

SAMPLER: NP/JG

ANALYST: 207

		- High		
Ref. Number: 277043	Site: MW-1	44 to Marie atom or with the control of the Control	Date Sampled: June 21, 2006	Time: 11:30 AM
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Unit</u>	Method	Analysis Date
TPH 8015 DRO	< 0.40	mg/L	SW 8015B	6/29/06
Ref. Number: 277044	Site: MW-2		Date Sampled: June 21, 2006	Time: 11:50 AM
<u>Parameter</u>	Result	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Method</u>	Analysis Date
TPH 8015 DRO	< 0.40	mg/L	SW 8015B	6/29/06
Ref. Number: 277045	Site: MW-3		Date Sampled: June 21, 2006	Time: 11:45 AM
<u>Parameter</u>	Result	<u>Unit</u>	Method	Analysis Date
TPH 8015 DRO	< 0.40	mg/L	SW 8015B	6/29/06
Ref. Number: 277046	Site: MW-4	State Control of the	Date Sampled: June 21, 2006	Time: 11:15 AM
<u>Parameter</u>	Result	<u>Unit</u>	Method	Analysis Date
TPH 8015 DRO	< 0.40	mg/L	SW 8015B	6/29/06
Ref. Number: 277047	Site: Dup		Date Sampled: June 21, 2006	Time: NI
<u>Parameter</u>	Result	<u>Unit</u>	Method	Analysis Date
TPH 8015 DRO	< 0.40	mg/L	SW 8015B	6/29/06



# CHYIN-OŁ-CUSTODY-RECORD

FND YNE, INC. 160 James Brown Drive

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## LABORATORY REPORT

**Laboratory Services** 

160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PO Box 1533, 96 Taber Hill Rd

Stowe, VT 05672

Attn: Nate Page

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

ORDER ID: 45966

RECEIVE DATE: June 23, 2006

REPORT DATE: July 7, 2006

Enclosed please find the results of the analyses performed for the samples referenced on the attached chain of custody. Different groups of analyses may be reported under separate cover.

All samples were prepared and analyzed by requirements outlined in the referenced methods and within the specified holding times.

All instrumentation was calibrated with the appropriate frequency and verified by the requirements outlined in the referenced methods.

Blank contamination was not observed at levels affecting the analytical results.

Analytical method precision and accuracy was monitored by laboratory control standards which include matrix spike, duplicate and quality control analyses. These standards were determined to be within established laboratory method acceptance limits, unless otherwise noted.

Reviewed by,

Harry B. Locker, Ph.D. Laboratory Director

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160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

# LABORATORY REPORT SW 8260B

CLIENT: Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

SITE: MW-1

DATE RECEIVED: June 23, 2006

REPORT DATE: July 7, 2006 ANALYSIS DATE: July 3, 2006 ORDER ID: 45966

REFERENCE NUMBER: 277043 DATE SAMPLED: June 21, 2006

TIME SAMPLED: 11:30 AM

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Acetone	< 10.0	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Benzene	< 1.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromobenzene	< 1.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0	Diethyl Ether	< 5.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0	Ethylbenzene	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 2.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 2.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0	2-Hexanone	< 10.0
2-Butanone	< 10.0	Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	< 10.0
Carbon Disulfide	< 5.0	MTBE	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0	Naphthalene	< 2.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0	n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0	Styrene	< 1.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	< 20.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloroform	< 1.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloromethane	< 3.0	Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Tetrahydrofuran	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Toluene	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 2.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichloroethene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 2.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 2.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Xylenes, Total	< 2.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 1	96.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 2	100.%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	Surrogate 3	98.%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	UIP's	0.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0		451160



160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

# LABORATORY REPORT SW 8260B

CLIENT: Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

SITE: MW-2

DATE RECEIVED: June 23, 2006

REPORT DATE: July 7, 2006 ANALYSIS DATE: July 3, 2006 ORDER ID: 45966

REFERENCE NUMBER: 277044 DATE SAMPLED: June 21, 2006

TIME SAMPLED: 11:50 AM

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Acetone	< 10.0	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Benzene	< 1.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromobenzene	< 1.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0	Diethyl Ether	< 5.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0	Ethylbenzene	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 2.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 2.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0	2-Hexanone	< 10.0
2-Butanone	< 10.0	Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	< 10.0
Carbon Disulfide	< 5.0	MTBE	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0	Naphthalene	< 2.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0	n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0	Styrene	< 1.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	< 20.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloroform	< 1.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloromethane	< 3.0	Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Tetrahydrofuran	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Toluene	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 2.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichloroethene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 2.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 2.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Xylenes, Total	< 2.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 1	98.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 2	101.%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	Surrogate 3	99.%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	UIP's	0.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0		galled .



160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

# LABORATORY REPORT SW 8260B

CLIENT: Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

SITE: MW-3

DATE RECEIVED: June 23, 2006 REPORT DATE: July 7, 2006

ANALYSIS DATE: July 3, 2006

ORDER ID: 45966

REFERENCE NUMBER: 277045 DATE SAMPLED: June 21, 2006

TIME SAMPLED: 11:45 AM

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Acetone	< 10.0	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Benzene	< 1.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromobenzene	< 1.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0	Diethyl Ether	< 5.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0	Ethylbenzene	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 2.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 2.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0	2-Hexanone	< 10.0
2-Butanone	< 10.0	Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	< 10.0
Carbon Disulfide	< 5.0	MTBE	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0	Naphthalene	< 2.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0	n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0	Styrene	< 1.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	< 20.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloroform	< 1.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloromethane	< 3.0	Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Tetrahydrofuran	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Toluene	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 2.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichloroethene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 2.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 2.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Xylenes, Total	< 2.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 1	100.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 2	100.%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	Surrogate 3	101.%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	UIP's	0.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0		Salte



160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

# LABORATORY REPORT SW 8260B

CLIENT: Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

SITE: MW-4

DATE RECEIVED: June 23, 2006 REPORT DATE: July 7, 2006

ANALYSIS DATE: July 3, 2006

ORDER ID: 45966

REFERENCE NUMBER: 277046 DATE SAMPLED: June 21, 2006

TIME SAMPLED: 11:15 AM

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Acetone	< 10.0	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Benzene	< 1.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromobenzene	< 1.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0	Diethyl Ether	< 5.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0	Ethylbenzene	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 2.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 2.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0	2-Hexanone	< 10.0
2-Butanone	< 10.0	Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	< 10.0
Carbon Disulfide	< 5.0	MTBE	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0	Naphthalene	< 2.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0	n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0	Styrene	< 1.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	< 20.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloroform	< 1.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloromethane	< 3.0	Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Tetrahydrofuran	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Toluene	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 2.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichloroethene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 2.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 2.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Xylenes, Total	< 2.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 1	99.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 2	101.%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	Surrogate 3	99.%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	UIP's	0.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0		C. Raited



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# LABORATORY REPORT SW 8260B

CLIENT: Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc.

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

SITE: Dup

DATE RECEIVED: June 23, 2006 REPORT DATE: July 7, 2006 ANALYSIS DATE: July 3, 2006 ORDER ID: 45966

REFERENCE NUMBER: 277047

DATE SAMPLED: June 21, 2006

TIME SAMPLED: NI SAMPLER: NP/JG ANALYST: 725

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>ug/L</u>
Acetone	< 10.0	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Benzene	< 1.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromobenzene	< 1.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0	Diethyl Ether	< 5.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0	Ethylbenzene	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 2.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 2.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0	2-Hexanone	< 10.0
2-Butanone	< 10.0	Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	< 10.0
Carbon Disulfide	< 5.0	MTBE	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0	Naphthalene	< 2.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0	n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0	Styrene	< 1.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	< 20.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloroform	< 1.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloromethane	< 3.0	Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Tetrahydrofuran	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Toluene	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 2.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichloroethene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 2.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 2.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Xylenes, Total	< 2.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 1	98.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 2	100.%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	Surrogate 3	101.%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	UIP's	0.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0		V.



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# LABORATORY REPORT SW 8260B

CLIENT: Ross Environ. Assoc., Inc

PROJECT: Rice/26-047

SITE: T.B.

DATE RECEIVED: June 23, 2006

REPORT DATE: July 7, 2006 ANALYSIS DATE: July 3, 2006 ORDER ID: 45966

REFERENCE NUMBER: 277048

DATE SAMPLED: June 21, 2006

TIME SAMPLED: 11:05 AM

	Result		Result
<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L	<u>Parameter</u>	ug/L
Acetone	< 10.0	1,1-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Benzene	< 1.0	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromobenzene	< 1.0	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	< 1.0
Bromochloromethane	< 2.0	Diethyl Ether	< 5.0
Bromodichloromethane	< 1.0	Ethylbenzene	< 1.0
Bromoform	< 2.0	Hexachlorobutadiene	< 2.0
Bromomethane	< 5.0	2-Hexanone	< 10.0
2-Butanone	< 10.0	Isopropylbenzene	< 1.0
n-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	p-Isopropyltoluene	< 1.0
sec-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	Methylene Chloride	< 5.0
tert-Butylbenzene	< 1.0	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	< 10.0
Carbon Disulfide	< 5.0	MTBE	< 2.0
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 1.0	Naphthalene	< 2.0
Chlorobenzene	< 1.0	n-Propylbenzene	< 1.0
Chloroethane	< 5.0	Styrene	< 1.0
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	< 20.0	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloroform	< 1.0	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	< 2.0
Chloromethane	< 3.0	Tetrachloroethene	< 1.0
4-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Tetrahydrofuran	< 10.0
2-Chlorotoluene	< 1.0	Toluene	< 1.0
Dibromochloromethane	< 2.0	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	< 2.0	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	< 2.0
1,2-Dibromoethane	< 2.0	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
Dibromomethane	< 2.0	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	< 1.0
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichloroethene	< 1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	Trichlorofluoromethane	< 2.0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1.0	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	< 2.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	< 5.0	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	< 1.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	< 1.0	Vinyl Chloride	< 2.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Xylenes, Total	< 2.0
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 1	102.%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	< 1.0	Surrogate 2	100.%
1,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	Surrogate 3	102.%
1,3-Dichloropropane	< 1.0	UIP's	0.
2,2-Dichloropropane	< 1.0		6

724

Sample Preservation

AsuA

Comment

34

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Other

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Chloride

N-sinommA

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10 Alkalinity

BOD

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15 Conductivity

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12

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		C	160 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 Special Reporting Instructions:								st 08t ——————————————————————————————————

31 Metals (As Is, Total, Diss.) Ag, Al, As, B, Ba, Be, Ca, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, Hg, K, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Ni, Pb, Sb, Se, Tl, V, Zn

61

81

20 8010/8020

8021B

COD

Coliforn (Specify)

(White, Yellow - Laboratory / Pink - Client)

52

(tz)

77

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67

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RCRAS Metalls

PP13 Metals

8270 B/N or Acid

8260/8260B

73 8012 DKO

8015 GRO